

ORIGIN

Val do Salnes, Rías Baixas, Galicia.

VARIETIES

100% Albariño.

VINEYARD

From 15 organically farmed inland plots of 25–45-year-old Albariño vines in the Val do Salnes, planted on sandy, decomposed granite soils and are trained in the traditional Pergola style that facilitates aeration.

VINIFICATION METHOD

The hand-harvested grapes are gently pressed in a pneumatic press without destemming into stainless steel tanks. The wine rests on its lees for 7 months in a mixture of stainless steel, used barrels, and tinajas, with weekly batonnage for the first month. Bottled without stabilization or clarification, and with only a gentle filtration and small addition of SO₂.

PROPERTIES

Alcohol: 12.5%
Total acidity: 8.9 g/L
pH: 3.00
Bottles Made: 20,489
Residual Sugar: 5.6 g/L



NANCLARES Y PRIETO VITICULTORES

DANDELION 2020

PRODUCER PROFILE

Alberto Nanclares and Silvia Prieto make transparent, Atlantic-influenced wines, mainly with Albariño from old vines around the village of Cambados. Employing organic farming practices and a restrained hand in the cellar, the pair have managed something very rare: the refinement of Albariño into angular, age-worthy wines that express the fascinating terroirs of Cambados and Rías Baixas. Alberto and Silvia currently own 5 hectares of Albariño in the Val do Salnés, all trained in the traditional Pergola style and divided into 12 small parcels in the parroquias of Castrelo (South Cambados), Vilariño (North Cambados) and Padrenda (North Meaño). The essence of their approach is reverence for the vineyard, from organic farming to fermentation by native yeasts. To express the edginess of the naturally high in acidity Albariño grape, he eschews adding potassium, which is what many in Rías Baixas use to de-acidify and soften their wines. Malolactic fermentation rarely occurs, and the wines spend a good amount of time (often a year or more) on their lees before being bottled without clarification or filtration.

VINTAGE REPORT

2020 was a warm vintage in Rías Baixas: the winter was rainy and warm, which continued into April and May. Budding and flowering were very early, and in June there were substantial losses to mildew. July was hot and very dry, but rain arrived finally in August. Harvest began on September 2nd and ended on September 10th.